

APA Referencing Guide

These examples follow the rules set out in the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*, 6th edition, [corr. rev. Ed.]. For further information refer to the manual or the APA Style website http://www.apastyle.org/ **Or**, use the Massey University Interactive APA referencing tool available via the NMIT Library website: http://library.nmit.ac.nz/

Printed source	Reference list example	In-text citation
Book Single author	Author year of publication book title (in <i>italics</i>) Smith, J. D. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide</i> . Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press. city and country of publication publisher	 When paraphrasing, you put the source information into your own words and phrases. The author's name can appear outside the brackets, incorporated into the sentence: According to Smith (2009, p. 22) the best source of Or it can appear inside the brackets: was the case (Smith, 2009, p. 22) It is not compulsory to include page numbers when paraphrasing, but they can be included if you want to refer to a specific part of the source. If you are including a direct quote, the quote must be included in quotation marks, and page numbers are essential. Paraphrasing is generally recommended over direct quotations. "The best source of information is your local library." (Smith, 2009, p. 25)
Book 2 authors	Smith, J. D., & Khan, V. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide.</i> Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	According to Smith and Khan (2009, p. 22) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith & Khan, 2009, p. 22). Note the use of '&' (not 'and') when including authors' names within brackets.

Book 3,4,5 authors	Smith, J. D., Khan, V., & Zhang, H. (2009 <i>). Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide.</i> Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	 The first time the source is cited, all authors are used. According to Smith, Khan, and Zhang (2009, p.22) the best Or: was the case (Smith, Khan, & Zhang, 2009, p. 22). Thereafter, all authors beyond the first can be abbreviated using et al: According to Smith et al. (2009, p. 22)
Book 6 or 7 authors	Smith, J. D., Khan, V., Zhang, H., Williams, T., Garcia, J., Sato, Y., & Archon, D. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide.</i> Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	The first author's name plus et al. is used for every citation. According to Smith et al. (2009, p. 22) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith et al., 2009, p. 22).
Book 8 or more authors	Smith, J. D., Khan, V., Zhang, H., Williams, T., Garcia, J., Sato, Y., Roach, C. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide</i> . Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	As above
Book Corporate/Group Author	Ministry of Education. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide.</i> Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	According to the Ministry of Education (2009, p. 22) the best Or: was the case (Ministry of Education, 2009).
Book Editor only (no author)	Emerson, L. (Ed.). (2005). Writing guidelines for business students (3rd ed.). Australia: Thomson Learning/Dunmore Press.	According to Emerson (2005, p. 22) the best source of Or: was the case (Emerson, 2005, p. 22)
Book Multiple works by same author <i>and</i> same year of publication	 Johnson, I. (2002a). Publishing in New Zealand. Auckland, New Zealand: Prentice Hall. Johnson, I. (2002b). Short Publishing Manual. Auckland, New Zealand: Starbright Press. The entries should be ordered alphabetically, according to the first word of the title (aside from "a", "an", or "the"). In addition, a lower-case letter is added after the year to distinguish them. The same system applies for other types of sources, e.g. journal article, newspaper article etc. 	According to Johnson (2002a, p. 22), the Johnson (2002b, p. 22) states that

Book No author	Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide. (2009). Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press. The book title (in italics) is used in place of the author.	According to Research Ethics (2009, p. 22) the best source of Or: was the case (Research Ethics, 2009, p. 22). A shortened version of the source's title (italicised) is used in place of the author.
Book 2 nd (or 3 rd , 4 th etc.) edition	Smith, J. D. (2009). <i>Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide</i> (2nd ed.). Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	According to Smith (2009, p. 22) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith, 2009, p. 22)
Chapter or article within an edited book	 Smith, J. D., & Khan, V. (2009). Trends in discourse analysis. In G. Schwartz & U. N. Owen (Eds.), <i>Readings in qualitative research design</i> (2nd ed., pp. 15–59). Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press. The author/s and title of the chapter lead the reference entry, with the book details following after In 	According to Smith and Khan (2009, p.15) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith & Khan, 2009, p. 15).
Conference proceedings	Bowker, N., & Tuffin, K. (2002). Users with disabilities' social and economic development through online access. In M. Boumedine (Ed.), <i>Proceedings of the IASTED International Conference on Information and Knowledge Sharing</i> (pp. 122–127). Anaheim, CA: ACTA Press.	(Bowker & Tuffin, 2002)
Course material, e.g. study guides, lecture notes and slides etc.	As a rule, lecturers prefer that you use outside academic sources rather than just referencing the course material. Doing so demonstrates that you can explore the topic yourself.	You should avoid using this material directly in your assignments.
Journal Article	authors year of publication article title Smith, J. D., & Khan, V. (2009). Māori voices: Approaches to bilingual research in New Zealand. <i>Journal of Academic Methodologies</i> , <i>38</i> (3), 17–28. Journal title Vol number issue number page range	According to Smith and Khan (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith & Khan, 2009, p. 17).
Journal Article No author	Māori voices: Approaches to bilingual research. (2009). <i>Journal of Academic Methodologies</i> , <i>38</i> (3), 17–28. <i>The article title is used in place of the author.</i>	According to "Māori Voices" (2009) the best source of Or: was the case ("Māori Voices," 2009, p. 22). A shortened version of the article's title (in quotation marks) is used in place of the author.

Magazine article (refer to Journal Article above for more info)	 Chan, Y. & McKenzie, R. L. (2017, July 23). Countering tax moves. <i>In The Black</i>, <i>21</i>(5), 12-16. <i>Magazine articles include a date</i> after <i>the year</i>, <i>e.g. 2017</i>, <i>July 23</i>. There may not be a volume and issue number, but include this if there is, e.g. <i>21</i>(5). 	According to Chan and McKenzie (2017) the best source of Or: was the case (Chan & McKenzie, 2017, p. 17).
Newspaper article	 Smith, J. D., & Khan, V. (2009, January 12). Research awards draw industry attention. <i>Albany Times</i>, p. 22. <i>Newspaper articles include a date after the year, e.g. 2009, January 12.</i> 	According to Smith and Khan (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith & Khan, 2009, p. 17).
Reports - Technical and Research	Ministry of Education. (2009). <i>National employment predictions and recommendations</i> (Report No. 122). Wellington, New Zealand: Rata Press.	According to the Ministry of Education (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Ministry of Education, 2009).
Secondary source (original author is referred to within another source)	 Polit, D. F., Beck, C. T., & Hungler, B. P. (2001). Essentials of nursing research: Methods, appraisal and utilization (5th ed.). Philadelphia: Lippincott. The primary source (i.e. the original author) is not included in your reference list. List the secondary source only. 	Symer and Chang's study (as cited in Polit, Beck & Hungler, 2001, p. 23) It is preferable to use the original source of information. If this is not possible, cite as above.
Electronic sources	Reference list example	In-text citation
No date	See *Webpage no date below. The same format is used on any resource with no date.	
Document retrieved online with Corporate/Group author	Statistics New Zealand. (2010). <i>Estimated resident population of</i> <i>New Zealand.</i> Retrieved October 5, 2010, from http://www.stats.govt.nz/tools_and_services/tools/population_clock.as px Only include a retrieval date if the source material may change over time.	According to Statistics New Zealand (2010) the best source of Or: was the case (Statistics New Zealand, 2010).

	 Without a DOI: Smith, J. D. (2009). Research ethics in New Zealand: A student guide. Retrieved from http://www.eblib.com/ Use the database homepage URL as above. 	
Journal article with DOI (digital object identifier)	Smith, J. D., & Khan, V. (2009). Māori voices: Approaches to bilingual research. <i>Journal of Academic Methodologies, 38</i> (3), 17–28. doi: 10.1000/182	According to Smith and Khan (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith & Khan, 2009, p. 17).
Journal article <i>without</i> DOI, retrieved online or from a Library database	 Smith, J. D. (2009). Māori voices: Approaches to bilingual research. Journal of Academic Methodologies, 38(3), 17–28. Retrieved from http://www.example.com/ Correct APA for electronic journal articles that do not have a DOI is to provide the homepage URL of the journal. 	According to Smith (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith, 2009, p. 17).
Magazine article - online	Chan, Y. & McKenzie, R. L. (2017, July 23). Countering tax moves. In The Black, 21(5), 12-16. Retrieved from http://www.example.com/	According to Chan and McKenzie (2017) the best source of Or: was the case (Chan & McKenzie, 2017, p. 17).
Newspaper article - online	Smith, J. D. (2009, January 12). Research awards draw industry attention. <i>Albany Times</i> . Retrieved from http://www.example.com/	According to Smith (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith, 2009, p. 17).
Webpage	 Smith, J. D. (2009). Kindergartens and childcare centres in New Zealand. Retrieved from http://www.example.com/thepage.htm If no individual author can be located, look for a corporate or group author. If not available – see 'No author' below. 	According to Smith (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith, 2009).
	Corporate/Group author: Ministry of Education. (2009). <i>Kindergartens and childcare centres in New Zealand</i> . Retrieved from http://www.example.com/thepage.htm	Corporate/Group author: According to the Ministry of Education (2009) the best source of Or: was the case (Ministry of Education, 2009).
	No author: <i>Kindergartens and childcare centres in New Zealand</i> . (2009). Retrieved from http://www.example.com/thepage.htm	No Author : A shortened version of the title (in italics) is used: According to <i>Kindergartens</i> (2009)
	The title is in italics.	<i>Or:</i> was the case (<i>Kindergartens</i> , 2009).

* Webpage no date	Smith, J. D. (n.d.). <i>Kindergartens and childcare centres in New Zealand</i> . Retrieved from http://www.example.com/thepage.htm	According to Smith (n.d.) the best source of Or: was the case (Smith, n.d.).
	If no date can be found on the page n.d. is used (= "no date").	
Other sources	Reference list example	In-text citation
Acts of Parliament	Resource Management Act, No. 69. (1991). Retrieved from http://www.legislation.govt.nz/act/public/1991/0069/latest/whole.ht ml	The Resource Management Act (1991) prohibits
Bilingual corporate author	Toi Maori Aotearoa: Maori Arts New Zealand. (2013). <i>Tikanga specialists:</i> <i>He awhi tikanga (Protocol within the arts</i>). Retrieved from http://www.maoriart.org.nz/tikanga-specialists-c-52_72.html	(Toi Maori Aotearoa: Maori Arts New Zealand, 2013)
Brochure	 The Warehouse. (2008). Bargain bonanza week [Brochure]. New Zealand: Author. Place a description of the contents in brackets following the title [Brochure]. When the author and publisher are the same use the word Author as the name of the publisher. 	(The Warehouse, 2008)
Case law	Little v Angus, (1981) 1 NZLR 126 (CA) Include the name of the case and the date, volume number of the report series, the source of the information e.g. NZLR (New Zealand Law Reports). Issue number of the report series and Court e.g. (CA) Court of Appeal.	Little v Angus (1981) The name of the case, in italics (cases are generally known by the names of the parties involved) and the date.
Image from library database	Rousseau, H. (1896). <i>The ship in a storm</i> [Oil on canvas]. Paris, France: Musee de L'Orangerie. Retrieved from http://www.oxfordartonline.com/	(Rousseau, 1896)
Image from a website	Jevbratt, L. (2005). <i>Migration (a map of the Internet)</i> [Digital visualization]. Retrieved from http://128.111.69.4/~jevbratt/1_to_1/3/migration/	(Jevbratt, 2005)

Online encyclopaedia e.g. Wikipedia	Leiopelmatidae. (2012, July 26). In <i>Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia</i> . Retrieved July 26, 2012, from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Leiopelmatidae <i>Where source material may be modified include a retrieval date. If there is</i> <i>no author use the entry title.</i>	("Leiopelmatidae", 2012) Note, where there is no author, the entry title is used in text, in quotation marks.
Personal communication	Personal communications describe any kind of source that is not 'archived'. This includes e-mails, conversations, interviews, lectures, and so forth. Readers cannot access these sources, so they should not be included in the reference list. Instead, they are listed as a special type of in-text citation only.	According to T. Williams (personal communication, November 9, 2008), the <i>Or</i> : was the case (T. Williams, personal communication, November 9, 2008)
Video/Audio recordings (television, radio, cds etc.)	 Slater, K. (Producer). (2005, March 21). Campbell live [Television broadcast]. Auckland, New Zealand: TV3. Films, television/radio broadcasts, and other video/audio recordings are identified by their producer and/or director. The specific type of material is added in square brackets after the title: [Motion picture], [Television series], [CD], [DVD], [Video file], [Radio broadcast]. 	(Slater, 2005)